

Status of countries and regions introduced import measures on Japanese food after the TEPCO Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station accident

✓ Total 55 countries and regions have introduced import measures on Japanese food following the nuclear power station accident, and nearly 90% of them, 48 have eliminated the measures.

(As of 24 January 2024)

Type of measures and number of countries or regions※			Name of countries or regions
55	Introduced additional measures after the accident	Lifted all the measures 48	Canada, Myanmar, Serbia, Chile, Mexico, Peru, Guinea, New Zealand, Colombia, Malaysia, Ecuador, Vietnam, Iraq, Australia, Thailand, Bolivia, India, Kuwait, Nepal, Iran, Mauritius, Qatar, Ukraine, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Argentina, Turkey, New Caledonia, Brazil, Oman, Bahrain, Congo DR, Brunei, Philippines, Morocco, Egypt, Lebanon, United Arab Emirates, Israel, Singapore, USA, UK, Indonesia, EU, Iceland, Norway, Switzerland, Liechtenstein
	Remaining the measures 7	Test certificate requirement 2	Russia, French Polynesia
		<u>Import ban</u> 5	China, Hong Kong, Macau, Korea, Taiwan

※ Countries and regions are classified by type of measures. Prefectures and items subject to the measures differ with countries and regions.

Import ban on Japanese food by countries and regions after discharge of ALPS treated water

✓ Some countries and regions introduced import ban after discharge of ALPS treated water.

Type of measures and number of countries or regions※		Name of countries or regions
4	<u>Import ban</u> on fishery products from <u>all the prefectures</u>	China, Russia
	<u>Import ban</u> on fishery products etc. from <u>10 prefectures</u>	Hong Kong
	<u>Import ban</u> on fresh food etc. from <u>10 prefectures</u>	Macau

※ Reinforcement of import inspection on Japanese fishery products is conducted by Thailand.